SUREDIATE AND COME	Roll No.
	Sig. of Candidate

For Examiner's use only:

Answer Sheet No.	/
Sig. of Invigilator	

15

GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I SECTION - A (Marks 15)

Time allowed: 20 Minutes Section-A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. It should be completed in the first 20 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil. Circle the correct option i.e. A / B / C / D. Each part carries one mark. Q. 1 Height of Nanga Parbat is _____ meter. C. 8260 D. 8270 8250 8240 B. A. km in length. Khyber pass is ____ (ii) 83 D C. 73 B. 63 km long. Common border between Pakistan and China is ___ (iii) 1900 1895 В 885 875 The annual session of Muslim League on 23rd March 1940 was presided over by: (iv) Sir Agha Khan D. Liaquat Ali Khan C. Quaid-i-Azam B. Allama Iqbal The Kirthar hills rise to a height of about ___ meter. (v) 2180 C. 2170 D. 2169 В. is the hottest place in the sub-continent. (vi) Jaccobabad D. Multan C. Nawabshah Α. Karachi Million hectares area of Pakistan is under the control of Government Forest Department. (vii) 4.2 D. 4.8 6.1 A. 10.4 The soil of Indus delta is: (viii) Residual D. Silt loamy Saline Loamy C. B. Sandy Pakistan Meteorological Department has its headquarter at: (ix) Peshawar Quetta Gilgit In Pakistan the highest density of population is found in ____ district. (x) Rawalpindi D. Lahore Hyderabad C. Karachi B. km from Rawalpindi. Islamabad is at the distance of (xi) D. 18 14 C. B. 12 is the city of gardens. (iix) Faisalabad Bahalwa lpur D. B. Multan C. Lahore Pakistan Railways Headquarter is in: (xiii) Islamabad C. D. Lahore B. Sialkot Peshawar The height of Sukesar in Potwar Plateau is _ meter. (xiv) 1500 C. 1400 D 1300 B. Karachi steel mills was established in: (xv) D. 1974 1973 C. 1972 1971 B. A.

___ 1SS 1804 ----

Total Marks:

Marks Obtained:



GEOGRAPHY OF PAKISTAN SSC-I



Time allowed: 2:40 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 60

NOTE:

Answer any twelve parts from Section 'B' and any three questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet—B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION - B (Marks 36)

- Q. 2 Answer any TWELVE parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 3 to 4 lines. (12 x 3 = 36)
 - (i) Write a short note on ABAD.
 - (ii) Give the geographical location of Pakistan.
 - (iii) When and where was Muslim League formed?
 - (iv) Give the names of major physical regions of Pakistan.
 - (v) Write short description of the Himalayas.
 - (vi) Write any three Doabs of Punjab.
 - (vii) Give description of Peshawar plain.
 - (viii) Define weather and climate.
 - (ix) Write the seasons of Pakistan.
 - (x) Define soil Horizons.
 - (xi) Write the sandy desert soils.
 - (xii) Describe the effects of floods.
 - (xiii) What are the causes of Earth quakes?
 - (xiv) What are the causes of Air pollution?
 - (xv) Describe the effects of Noise pollution.
 - (xvi) Define settlement.
 - (xvii) Write a short note on Lahore city.
 - (xviii) What are the main factors that affect the population density in any area?

SECTION - C (Marie 24)

Note: Attempt any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

 $(3 \times 8 = 24)$

- Q. 3 Give the names of climatic regions of Pakistan. Give description of each.
- **Q.4** Give classification of the main types of forests in Pakistan.
- Q. 5 Write an account of emergence of Pakistan under the following headings.
 - (i) Ideological causes
 - (ii) Cultural causes
 - (iii) Social causes
 - (iv) Economic causes
- Q. 6 What is meant by urbanization? Which factors are responsible for the migration of the people from the rural areas to the urban centres?